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HYDRIC SOIL INTERPRETATIONS HYDRIC SOILS LIST Rolette County, North Dakota

In this section, hydric soils are defined and described and the hydric soils in the survey area are listed. The three essential characteristics of wetlands are hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology (Cowardin and others, 1979; U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 1987; National Research Council, 1995; Tiner, 1985). Criteria for each of the characteristics must be met for areas to be identified as wetlands. Undrained hydric soils that have natural vegetation should support a dominant population of ecological wetland plant species. Hydric soils that have been converted to other uses should be capable of being restored to wetlands.

Hydric soils are defined by the National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils (NTCHS) as soils that formed under conditions of saturation, flooding, or ponding long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part (Federal Register, 1994). These soils are either saturated or inundated long enough during the growing season to support the growth and reproduction of hydrophytic vegetation.

The NTCHS definition identifies general soil properties that are associated with wetness. In order to determine whether a specific soil is a hydric soil or nonhydric soil, however, more specific information, such as information about the depth and duration of the water table, is needed. Thus, criteria that identify those estimated soil properties unique to hydric soils have been established (Federal Register, 1995). These criteria are used to identify a phase of a soil series that normally is associated with wetlands. The criteria used are selected estimated soil properties that are described in "Soil Taxonomy" (USDA, 1999) and "Keys to Soil Taxonomy" (USDA, 1998) and in the "Soil Survey Manual" (USDA, 1993).

If soils are wet enough for a long enough period to be considered hydric, they should exhibit certain properties that can be easily observed in the field. These visible properties are indicators of hydric soils. The indicators used to make onsite determinations of hydric soils in this survey area are specified in "Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States" (Hurt and others, 1996).

Hydric soils are identified by examining and describing the soil to a depth of about 20 inches. This depth may be greater if determination of an appropriate indicator so requires. It is always recommended that soils be excavated and described to the depth necessary for an understanding of the redoximorphic processes. Then, using the completed soil descriptions, soil scientists can compare the soil features required by each indicator and specify which indicators have been matched with the conditions observed in the soil. The soil can be identified as a hydric soil if at least one of the approved indicators is present.

Map units in the Hydric Soil Interpretations table meet the definition of hydric soils and, in addition, have at east one of the hydric soil indicators. This list can help in planning land uses; however, onsite investigation is recommended to determine the hydric soils on a specific site (National Research Council, 1995; Hurt and others, 1996).

Map units that are made up of hydric soils may have small areas, or inclusions, of nonhydric soils in the higher positions on the landform, and map units made up of nonhydric soils may have inclusions of hydric soils in the lower positions on the landform.

These map units, in general, do not meet the definition of hydric soils because they do not have one of the hydric soil indicators. A portion of these map units, however, may include hydric soils. Onsite investigation is recommended to determine whether hydric soils occur and the location of the included hydric soils.

Man gymbal and				Hydric soils criteria				
Map symbol and map unit name	Component	Component Hydric		Hydric criteria code	Meets saturation criteria	Meets flooding criteria		
17: ABERDEEN-NAHON SILT LOAMS	ABERDEEN	No						
64:	NAHON	No						
ARVESON LOAM	ARVESON	Yes	depression	2B3	YES	NO	NO	
ARVESON LOAM, WET	ARVESON	Yes	depression	2B3,3	YES	NO	YES	
76: ARVILLA SANDY LOAM, 0 TO 6 PERCENT SLOPES	ARVILLA	No						
118: BARNES-BUSE LOAMS, 3 TO 6 PERCENT SLOPES	BARNES	No						
120:	BUSE	No						
BARNES-BUSE LOAMS, 6 TO 9 PERCENT SLOPES	BARNES	No						
135:	BUSE	No						
BARNES-CRESBARD LOAMS,	CRESBARD	No						
3 TO 6 PERCENT SLOPES	BARNES	No						
137: BARNES-HAMERLY LOAMS,	BARNES	No						
0 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES	HAMERLY	No						
167: BEARDEN SILT LOAM 169:	BEARDEN	No						
BEARDEN SILT LOAM, SALINE, 0 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES	BEARDEN, SALINE	No						
268: BOTTINEAU LOAM, 3 TO 9 PERCENT SLOPES 271:	BOTTINEAU	No						
BOTTINEAU LOAM, 9 TO 25 PERCENT SLOPES 314:	BOTTINEAU	No						
BUSE-BARNES LOAMS, 9 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES	BUSE	No						
318:	BARNES	No						
BUSE-BARNES LOAMS, 15	BUSE	No						
TO 25 PERCENT SLOPES	BARNES	No						
389: CATHAY-LARSON LOAMS, 0	CATHAY	No						
TO 6 PERCENT SLOPES	LARSON	No						
392: CAVOUR-CRESBARD LOAMS,	CAVOUR	No						
0 TO 6 PERCENT SLOPES	CRESBARD	No						
430: CLAIRE-LOHNES COMPLEX, 6 TO 25 PERCENT SLOPES	CLAIRE	No						
450:	LOHNES	No						
COLVIN SILT LOAM	COLVIN	Yes	flat	2B3	YES	NO	NO	
COLVIN SILT LOAM, CHANNELED	COLVIN	Yes	flood plain	2B3	YES	NO	NO	

Map symbol and				Hydric soils criteria				
map unit name	Component	Hydric	Local landform	Hydric criteria code	Meets saturation criteria		Meets ponding criteria	
452: COLVIN SILT LOAM, SALINE	COLVIN, SALINE	Yes	flat	2B3	YES	NO	NO	
453: COLVIN SILT LOAM, WET 470:	COLVIN	Yes	depression	3,2B3	YES	NO	YES	
CRESBARD-BARNES LOAMS, 0 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES	CRESBARD	No						
501:	BARNES	No						
DICKEY-ESMOND COMPLEX, 3 TO 9 PERCENT SLOPES	DICKEY	No						
502:	ESMOND	No						
DICKEY-ESMOND-MADDOCK COMPLEX, 9 TO 25 PERCENT SLOPES	ESMOND	No						
	MADDOCK DICKEY	No No						
510: DIVIDE LOAM 532:	DIVIDE	No						
ECKMAN SILT LOAM, 1 TO 6 PERCENT SLOPES	ECKMAN	No						
548: EGELAND FINE SANDY LOAM, 0 TO 6 PERCENT SLOPES	EGELAND	No						
569: EMBDEN FINE SANDY LOAM 601:	EMBDEN	No						
ERAMOSH PEAT	ERAMOSH	Yes	depression	3,2B3	YES	NO	YES	
ERAMOSH PEAT, PONDED 605:	ERAMOSH	Yes	depression	2B3,3	YES	NO	YES	
ESMOND-HEIMDAL LOAMS, 9 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES	ESMOND	No						
607:	HEIMDAL	No						
ESMOND-HEIMDAL LOAMS, 15 TO 25 PERCENT SLOPES	ESMOND	No						
768:	HEIMDAL	No						
GARDENA SILT LOAM	GARDENA	No						
GLYNDON SILT LOAM	GLYNDON	No						
GREAT BEND-OVERLY SILT LOAMS, 0 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES	GREAT BEND	No						
863:	OVERLY	No						
HAMERLY LOAM, 0 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES	HAMERLY	No						
864: HAMERLY LOAM, SALINE, 0 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES	HAMERLY, SALIN E	No						
883: HAMERLY-TONKA-PARNELL COMPLEX, 0 TO 3	HAMERLY	No						
PERCENT SLOPES	TONKA PARNELL	Yes Yes	depression depression	2B3,3 2B3,3	YES YES	NO NO	YES YES	

Map symbol and				Hydric soils criteria				
map unit name	Component	Hydric Local landform		Hydric criteria code	Meets saturation criteria		Meets ponding criteria	
893:								
HARRIET SILT LOAM 926:	HARRIET	Yes	flat	2B3	YES	NO	NO	
HECLA LOAMY FINE SAND, 0 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES 939:	HECLA	No						
HECLA-HAMAR LOAMY FINE SANDS, 0 TO 3 PERCENT	HECLA	No						
SLOPES	HAMAR	No						
987: HEIMDAL-EMRICK LOAMS, 0 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES	HEIMDAL	No						
992:	EMRICK	No						
HEIMDAL-EMRICK-ESMOND LOAMS, 3 TO 6 PERCENT SLOPES	HEIMDAL	No						
	EMRICK ESMOND	No No						
998: HEIMDAL-ESMOND LOAMS,	HEIMDAL	No						
6 TO 9 PERCENT SLOPES	ESMOND	No						
1013: KELVIN LOAM, 3 TO 9 PERCENT SLOPES	KELVIN	No						
1014: KELVIN LOAM, 9 TO 25 PERCENT SLOPES	KELVIN	No						
1104: LANONA-SWENODA FINE SANDY LOAMS, 1 TO 6	LANONA	No						
PERCENT SLOPES	SWENODA	No						
1140: LETCHER FINE SANDY LOAM, 0 TO 6 PERCENT SLOPES	LETCHER	No						
1182: LOHNES LOAMY SAND, 0 TO 6 PERCENT SLOPES	LOHNES	No						
1206: MADDOCK LOAMY FINE SAND, 6 TO 25 PERCENT SLOPES	MADDOCK	No						
MADDOCK-HECLA LOAMY FINE SANDS, 1 TO 6	MADDOCK	No						
PERCENT SLOPES	HECLA	No						
1269: MARYSLAND SILT LOAM 1291:	MARYSLAND	Yes	flat	2B3	YES	NO	NO	
METIGOSHE SANDY LOAM, 3 TO 9 PERCENT SLOPES 1292:	METIGOSHE	No						
METIGOSHE SANDY LOAM, 9 TO 25 PERCENT SLOPES 1300:	METIGOSHE	No						
MIRANDA-CAVOUR LOAMS	MIRANDA CAVOUR	No No						
1426: PARNELL SILT LOAM	PARNELL	Yes	depression	2B3,3	YES	NO	YES	

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Map symbol and				Hydric soils criteria				
map unit name	Component	Hydric	Local landform	Hydric criteria code	Meets saturation criteria	Meets flooding criteria		
1.466								
1466: PITS, SAND AND GRAVEL	PITS, SAND AND GRAVEL	No						
1523: RENSHAW LOAM, 0 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES	RENSHAW	No						
1571: ROLLA SILTY CLAY, 0 TO 6 PERCENT SLOPES	ROLLA	No						
1572: ROLLA SILTY CLAY, 6 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES	ROLLA	No						
1687: SIOUX LOAM, 0 TO 6 PERCENT SLOPES	SIOUX	No						
1691: SIOUX LOAM, 6 TO 25 PERCENT SLOPES	SIOUX	No						
1709: SOUTHAM SILT LOAM 1727:	SOUTHAM	Yes	depression	2B3,3	YES	NO	YES	
STIRUM FINE SANDY LOAM	STIRUM	Yes	flat	2B3	YES	NO	NO	
SWENODA FINE SANDY LOAM	SWENODA	No						
1843: TOWNER LOAMY FINE SAND, 0 TO 6 PERCENT SLOPES	TOWNER	No						
1859: ULEN FINE SANDY LOAM	ULEN	No						
1871:		-1.0						
VALLERS LOAM, SALINE	VALLERS	Yes	flat	2B3	YES	NO	NO	
WATER 2046:	WATER	Yes	depression	2B3,3	YES	NO	YES	
WYNDMERE FINE SANDY LOAM	WYNDMERE	No						
2059: WYRENE SANDY LOAM	WYRENE	No						

All mapunits are displayed regardless of hydric status and are listed in alpha-numeric order by mapunit symbol. The "Hydric Soils Criteria" columns indicate the conditions that caused the mapunit component to be classified as "Hydric" or "Non-Hydric". These criteria are defined in "Hydric Soils of the United States" (USDA Miscellaneous Publication No. 1491, June, 1991). See the "Criteria for Hydric Soils" endnote to determine the meaning of these columns. Spot symbols are footnoted at the end of the table.

Map symbol and					Hydric soils criteria		criteria		
map unit name	Component	Hydric	Local	landform		Meets saturation criteria			

FOOTNOTE: There may be small areas of included soils or miscellaneous areas that are significant to use and management of the soil; yet are too small to delineate on the soil map at the map's original scale. These may be designated as spot symbols and are defined in the published Soil Survey Report or the USDA-NRCS Technical Guide, Part II.

Areas mapped as water or any map unit that contains one of the following conventional symbols is considered a hydric soil map unit: marshes or swamps; wet spots; depressions; streams, lakes and ponds.

- 1. All Histosols except Folists, or
- 2. Soils in Aquic suborders, great groups, or subgroups, Albolls suborder, Aquisalids, Pachic subgroups, or Cumulic subgroups that are:
 - a. Somewhat poorly drained with a water table equal to 0.0 foot (ft) from the surface during the growing season, or
 - b. poorly drained or very poorly drained and have either:
 - (1) water table equal to 0.0 ft during the growing season if textures are coarse sand, sand, or fine sand in all layers within 20 inches (in),

or for other soils

- (2) water table at less than or equal to 0.5 ft from the surface during the growing season if permeability is equal to or greater than 6.0 in/hour (h) in all layers within 20 in, or
- (3) water table at less than or equal to 1.0 ft from the surface during the growing season if permeability is less than 6.0 in/h in any layer within 20 in, or
- Soils that are frequently ponded for long duration or very long duration during the growing season, or
- 4. Soils that are frequently flooded for long duration or very long duration during the growing season.